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-		CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY	
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	SUBJECT	Loading and Unloading Procedure of Freight Cars - Dairen	NO. OF PAGES ). 25X1A
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25X1X		communication with Harbin and beyond was abnoratine, first while the gauge of the line beyond to standard from USSR broad gauge and later dur the Nationalists and Communists. As a result concrally have arrived by rail from the USSR were vladivostok. Also coal and firewood for local instead of being obtained from Manchurian source were shipped in from the Maritime Province and seaborne freight was all for use in Dairen itseements stationed in the Dairen-Port Arthur area, Pulantien near the northern boundary of the for Kuantung. Because the freight was for local usfrom the wharves by motor trucks and not by rail exceptions were cargoes of coal or firewood for outside of Dairen. These would be discharged dopen fondola? cars. Under the abnormal cond was no difficulty in obtaining the few cars need railway for most of this period operated under the	Harbin was being restored ing the fighting between commodities which would be brought in by ship from consumption in Dairen es and brought in by rail from Saghalien. Such lif or by the army detaches say as far north as mer Leased Territory of e, normally it was moved lway cars. The only Soviet army detachments irect from the ship into itions then existing there ded and in any case the
		General import cargo, of which there was then a discharged into wharfside godowns. These godown Authority to consignee firms, most of which were rations. The principal one was SPETZTORG (Spec Organization). The consignee moved his cargo fas he required it. As the godown was leased to free storage time or of a maximum storage periodid not arise.  During this period some export cargo consisting The grain arrived by open gondola 2 freight cargo.	ns were leased by the Pert e USSR government corpo- ial Selling Mercantile rom his godown by truck him the question of d in the Port godowns  of grain was shipped.
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immediately on to the wharves or on to outdoor storage space in the general vicinity of the wharves, however not always immediately adjacent to them. The cars were returned empty at once to Dairen Central Station. This was by order of the military and does not necessarily or even probably represent the policy of the present railway management. However it may still be the practice because even now there is no normal two-waterade in the port. After the cutbreak of the war in Korea movement of there is no normal two-way cargo from eastern Siberian ports to Dairen wirtually ceased. The only USSR ships to enter Dairen after the outbreak of the Korean war have been ships coming in for repairs in the Dairen Bookyards. They carry little, if any, cargo either inbound or outbound.

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the trade carried on by the foreign flag ships, 25X1X mainly Panamanian and British, which occasionally visit Dairen or how their inbound and outbound cargo is handled.

> The waterborne trade between Tientsin and Bairen is unimportant. Only two small ships are engaged in it.

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6. A two mile sour line connected the Dairen Mechanical Works, [ 25X1X with the main line at a suburban station. Because of the nature of its products (such items as cranes, gasoline storage tanks, etc) the Works normally required flatbed cars to make shipments. Despite the fact that these were usually priority shipments destined to Korea or to USSR or Chinese government factories, the Works always had trouble in obtaining cars promptly. The average delay was two to three days. The loading time allowed was six hours after receipt of the cars, and this was rigidly enforced. The Marks did not have proper mechanical loading equipment and had to improvise by building ramps from the ground to car level and using sleds. However by dint of employing extra loading annoyance was the gangs the loading time limit was usually met. 25X1 inability to get advance notice of the time when the cars would be available. The first intimation would come from the suburban station at the end of the ork to have shipments spur line two miles away. ready at the end of a week. But if, for example, we requisitioned cars for Friday, we would not know whether they would be delivered on Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, and meanwhile had to keep men standing by.

25X1

7. While the loading time limit was strictly enforced, frequently after we made delivered the loaded cars to the railway, they would remain up to three or four days in the yards at Dairen Central Station. This might be in order to make up a full train for a particular destination; or it might be because the railway administration was using engine-use as an efficiency the railway administration yardstick rather than carouse. used different coefficients at different times. The only one they never used was an over-all cost sheet.

25X1X

- 8. The Soviet system puts unreasonable emphasis on deadlines. As a result a factory manager will meet a deadline even if it means turning out inferior work. Once he receives his shipping documents from the railway his responsibility ends. This makes for a great shipping rush at the year end.
- 9. The flatbed cars used by the Dairen Machanical Works for its shipments were chiefly Manchurian railway cars, but a few, perhaps 10%, were USSR cars re-gauged to standard. These were easily identifiable because they carried buffers as well as the standard automatic knuckle couplings. Some of the USSR cars were of US manufacture. Those of USSR manufacture were always all metal cars welded throughout, never riveted. The USER cars were 50 toos capacity and the Manchurian cars 30 tens capacity. Chinese 25X1 railway as distinct from Manchurian railway/ flatears because they were frequently had to lead shorter than the Marchurian or USSR cara. 25X1 however, frequently seen Peking-Mukden line covered freight cars box cars, in use on the railway at Dairen. 25X1X one piece of equipment on two care.

10. Occasionally the Dairen Mechanical Works snipped by open [gondols 2] cars the Works and these were more easily obtainable than flatbed cars.

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executed an order for 10 thousand iron army cots which were shipped by rail to some destination in the Maritime Province. These went in open [gendola ?] cars, and we had no trouble getting them.

- 11. Shipments from the Dairen Mechanical Works were usually of bulky pieces of machinery or equipment, for example, bridge cranes or gasoline storage tanks. A crane wight require two flatbed cars to accommodate its length. Consequently the cars were seldom loaded to full capacity by weight. The railway authorities were well aware of the kind of freight the Works shipped and never raised the question of capacity loading.
- 12. The Works delivery responsibility ended when we received shipping documents from the railway and I do not know how long it took shipments to reach their destinations.
- 13. The Dairen Mechanical Works was one component of an industrial "trest" [complex] and ordinarily the Works would requisition on the "trest" for raw materials. The "trest" would place the orders and the Works would know nothing of the matter until the cargo arrived. This was the procedure, for example. in the case of iron/steel supplies from Anshan. Therefore how long these shipments took. Occasionally to save time the Works would be authorized to purchase materials direct in case of high priority orders. This was done in the case of the materials required for the army cot order mentioned above. The shipment took three or four days from the factory in Harbin to the Dairen Mechanical Works, that is the time required to move the material from the factory to the railway in Marbin and from the Central Station Dairen to the Works is included. This was special priority cargo, it was all shipped in carload lots and it came by through express freight. Therefore the time cannot be taken as typical.

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- 14. South-bound freight into Dairen consisted chiefly of: 25X1A (a) Coal for local use (b) Steel for local use in the factories and the Dairen Dockyard Beans for local oil mills and for export. Bean cakes, the residue after
  - the oil is extracted, are exported.
  - Machinery and machinery spareparts from the USSR for local installations.
  - (e) Some grain and other produce partly for local use and partly for export.

what import cargo, if any, moved north over the railroad in

25X1A		Local metal products were shipped north, a considerable part to Kores. Included were showels and other hand tools, machinery, gasoline storage tanks 15 to 30 tons capacity, and pontoons.
25X1	16.	how many freight trains run in each direction per day.
	17.	The Mukden-Dairen railroad line was single track as was also the Port Arthur-Dairen line. The Japanese pulled up the second track about 1943. In 1945/46 the Soviet military shipped all the stored rails to the USSR. They were reported also to have pulled up a thousand kilometers of rail line in eastern Manchuria near the USSR border know if this report is true. Bridging on the Mukden-Dairen line typically consisted of duplicate single track bridges, one for each of the two tracks. A large proportion of the bridges were blown up by either the Japanese, the Nationalists or the Communists. When the bridges were rebuilt only one single track span was put in.
	18.	The railroad work shops in Dairen are situated as shown on the city plan of Dairen in Janis 74 Chapter VIII, figure 3. cannot wouch for 25X1X

	stuffie check about ass but the	25X1X
18.	The railroad work shops in Dairen are situated as shown on the city plan of	
	Dairen in Janis 74 Chapter VIII, figure 3. cannot wouch for	25X1)
	the information, that the railroad work shops were scheduled to produce 500	
	covered for I freight cars in the program. No other plant in	25X1/
	Dairen built railroad cars. There was talk of plans to use the	25X1/
	Dairen Mechanical Works to build freight cars butnot know if anything	25X1)
	came of the plans. where the railway work shops obtained	25X1A
_	the wheels for the cars they built. Their own casting department,	23/17
[	was not large enough to produce the number required	
	for 500 cars. The cars were destined for use in Manchuria, not	25X1)

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		in China proper, and certs that some USSR built cars being re-gauged.			already lroads after	25X1
25X1A	19. 25X1X	The Dairen Mechanical Work the parts required for 150 produce the complete coupl Works was not well adapted authorities that if the au orders, the Works would in until this	or 200 knuckle coings. The equipment to work of this athorities would go	ouplings. The lent in the Dair sort. The Work ive the Works roo handle the or	en Mechanical s informed the egular annual	25X1A
25X 25X1X	20. 1X	autarchy. Dairen was an i but virtually all of the r the manufactured products secondarily for Manchurian with China proper. Whethe But in Tients	one of provincia mportant industria aw materials used were destined prin- use. There was r or not this sta- in the Chinese has	i or more preci- al center for s- were of Manchu- marily for local no important am- te of affairs w- we another indu-	sely regional outhern Manchuri rian origin and l use and ount of trade ill continue, strial center	☐ 25X1X
		which is better suited to is Dairen. Overseas forei				
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